

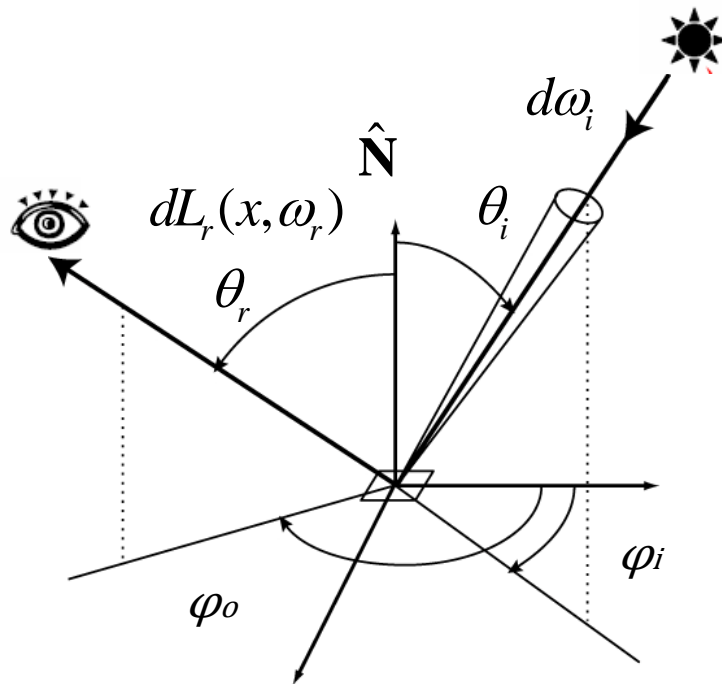
Modeling metal materials in Radiance based on Bidirectional Reflection Distribution measurement

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Definition of the BRDF



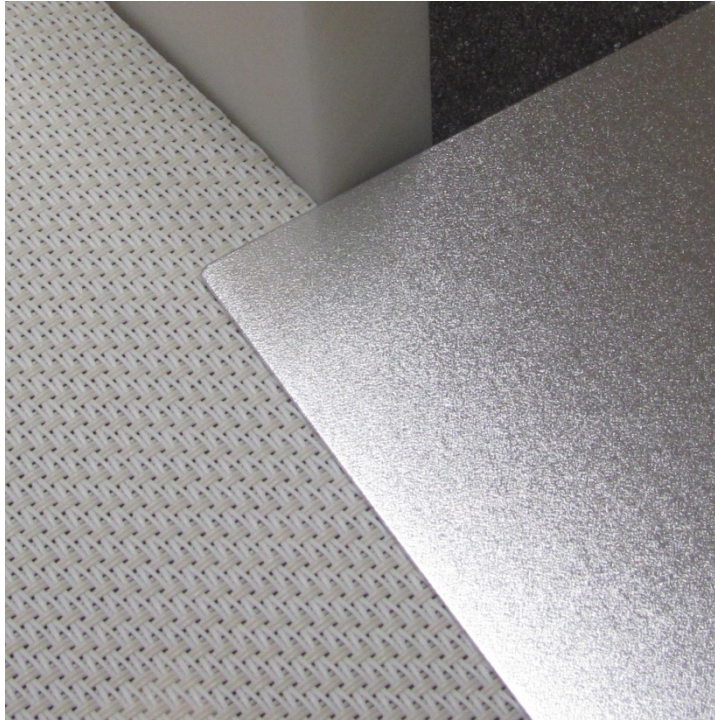
The **Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function (BRDF)** is a four-dimensional function that defines how light is reflected at an surface.

$$f(\theta_t, \varphi_r, \theta_o, \varphi_r) = \frac{dL_r(\theta_r, \varphi_r)}{dE_r(\theta_t, \varphi_t)}$$

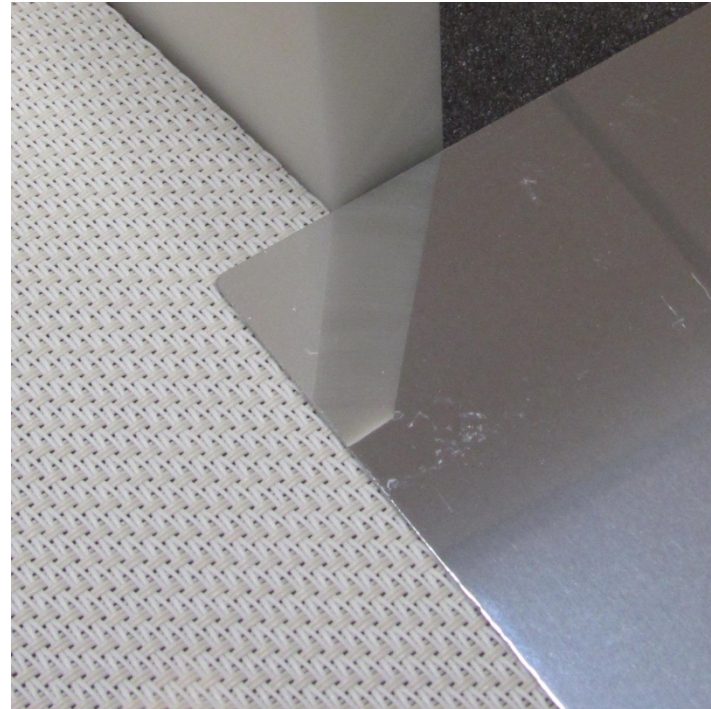
$dL_r(\theta_i, \varphi_i)$ Radiance at surface in direction (θ_i, φ_i)

$dE_r(\theta_o, \varphi_o)$ Irradiance at surface in direction (θ_o, φ_o)

Metal samples

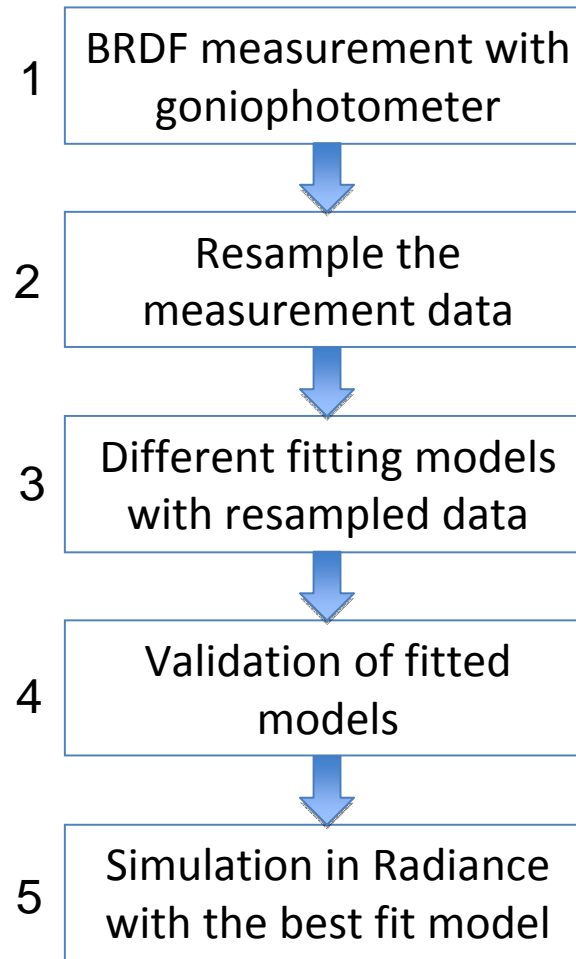


Scattering aluminum
frontside mirror
miro20-2000



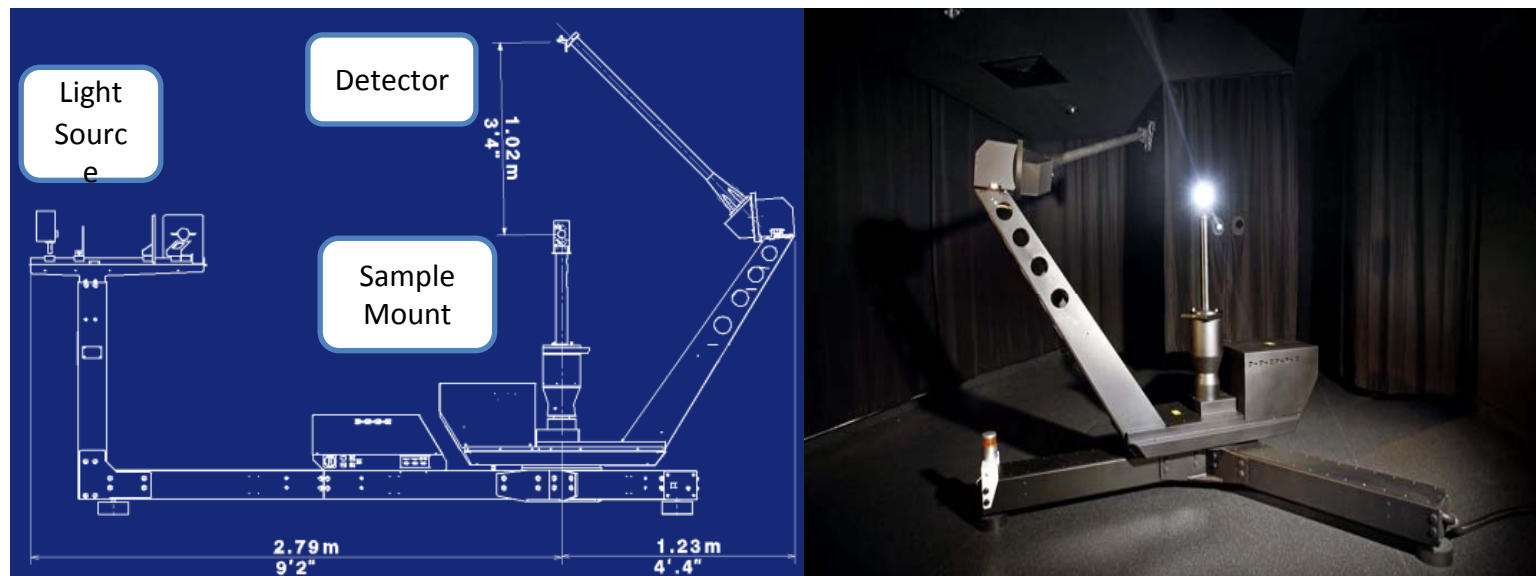
Clear aluminum
frontside mirror
miro4-4000

Modeling procedure

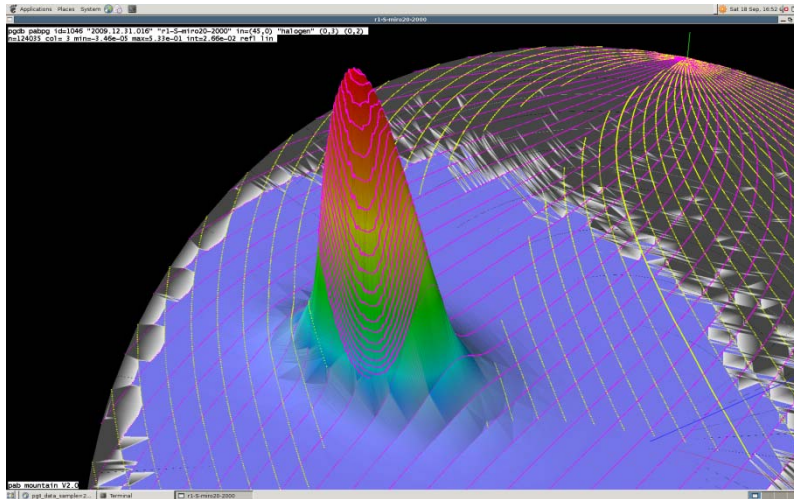


1. Measurement of BRDF

Goniophotometer Laboratory in SERIS



2.1 Resample data



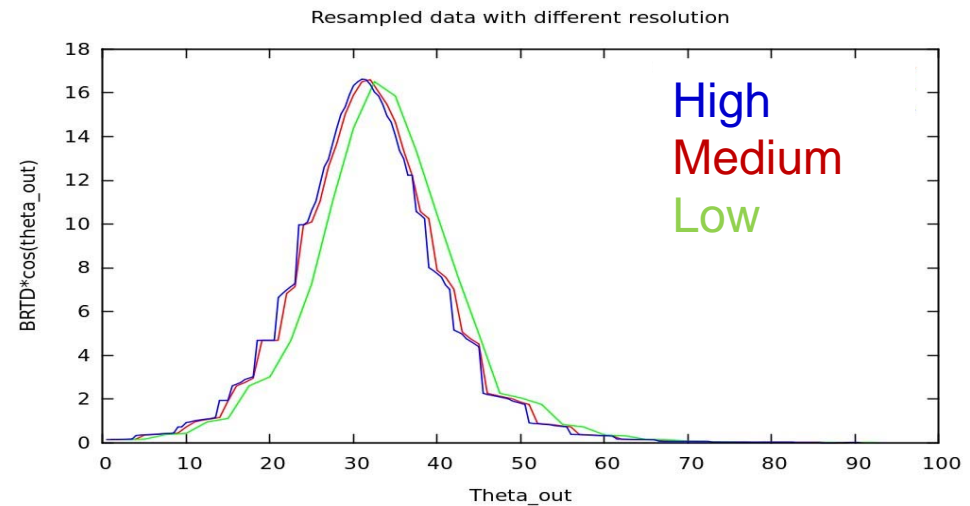
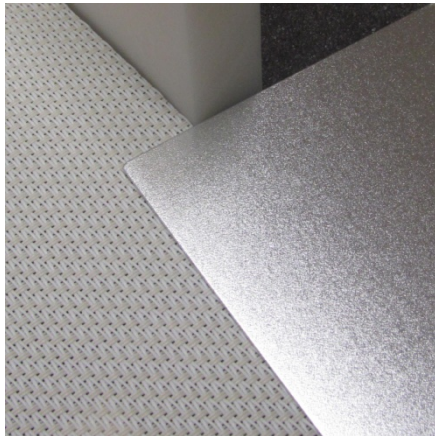
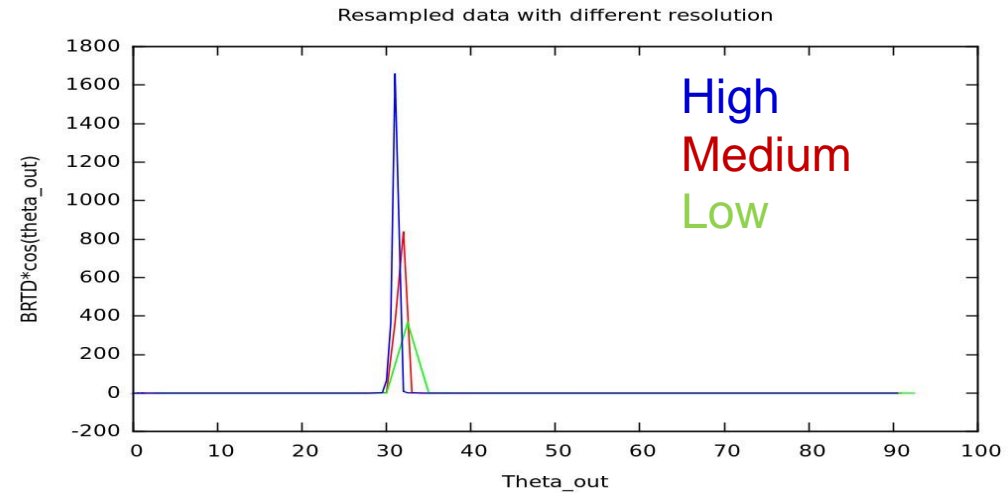
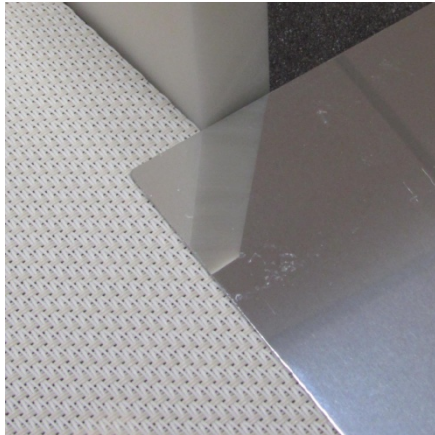
Motivation of data resampling:

- ❑ Computationally demanding to fit tabulated BRDF data to analytical models
 - Data for one incident angle has over 14,000 data points and file size is over 4 MB
 - Fitting could not finish in reasonable time

- ❑ After data resampling
 - File size for one incident angle usually below 100KB
 - Fitting time reduced to several minutes

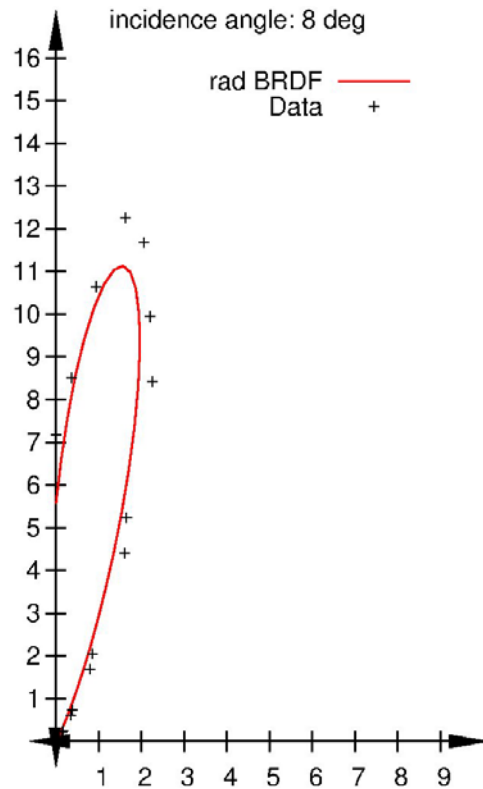
2.2 Resample data

Finding the right resolution for resampling

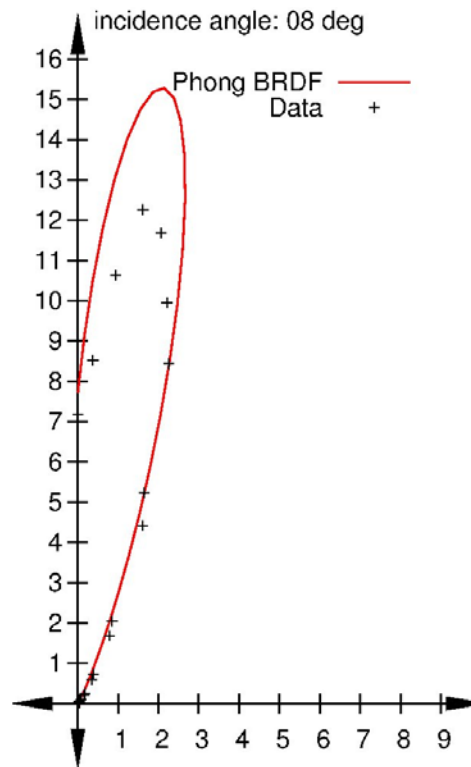


3.1 Different fitting models

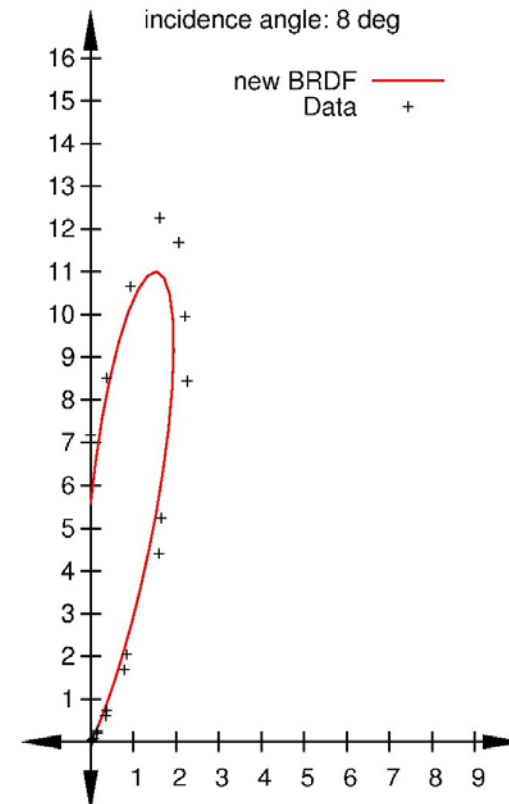
Scattering aluminum at 8 deg incident angle



Radiance Metal Model



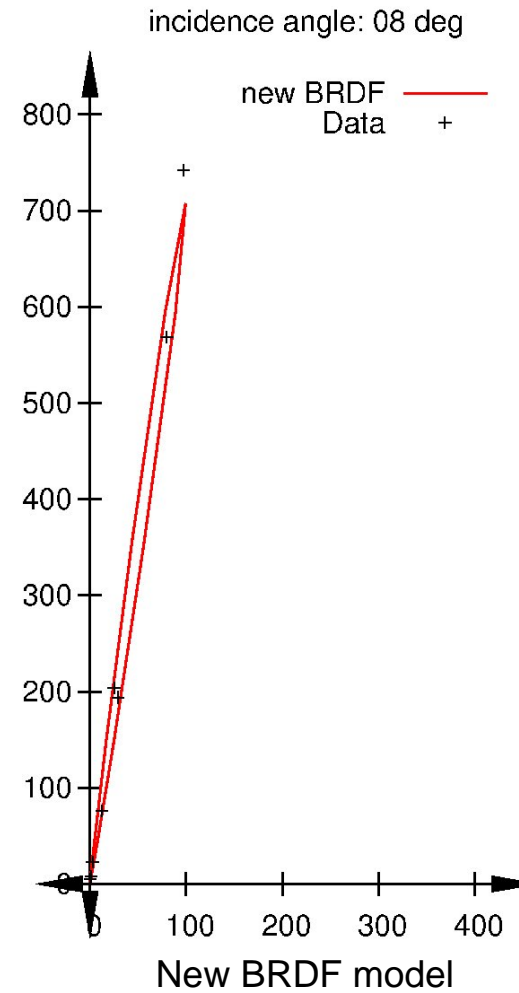
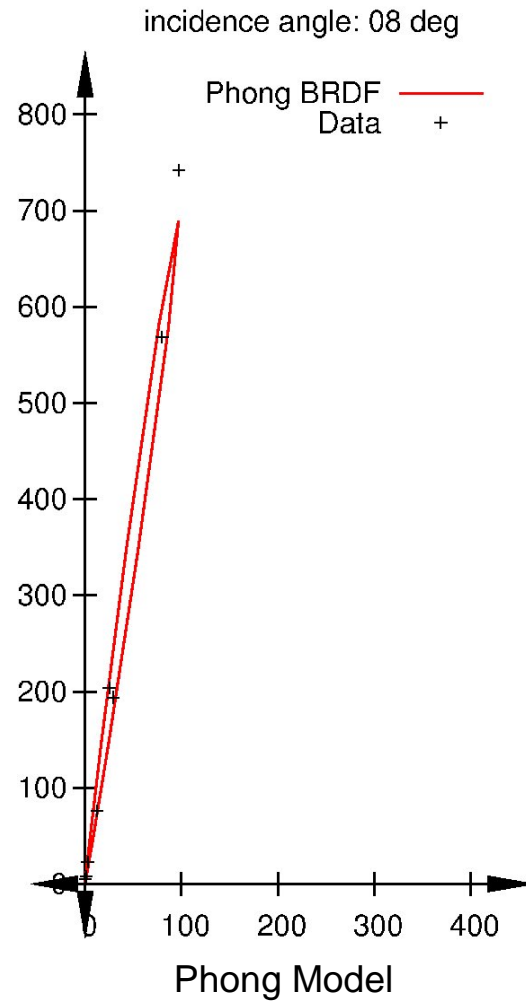
Phong Model



New BRDF model

3.2 Different fitting models

Clear aluminum at 8 deg incident angle



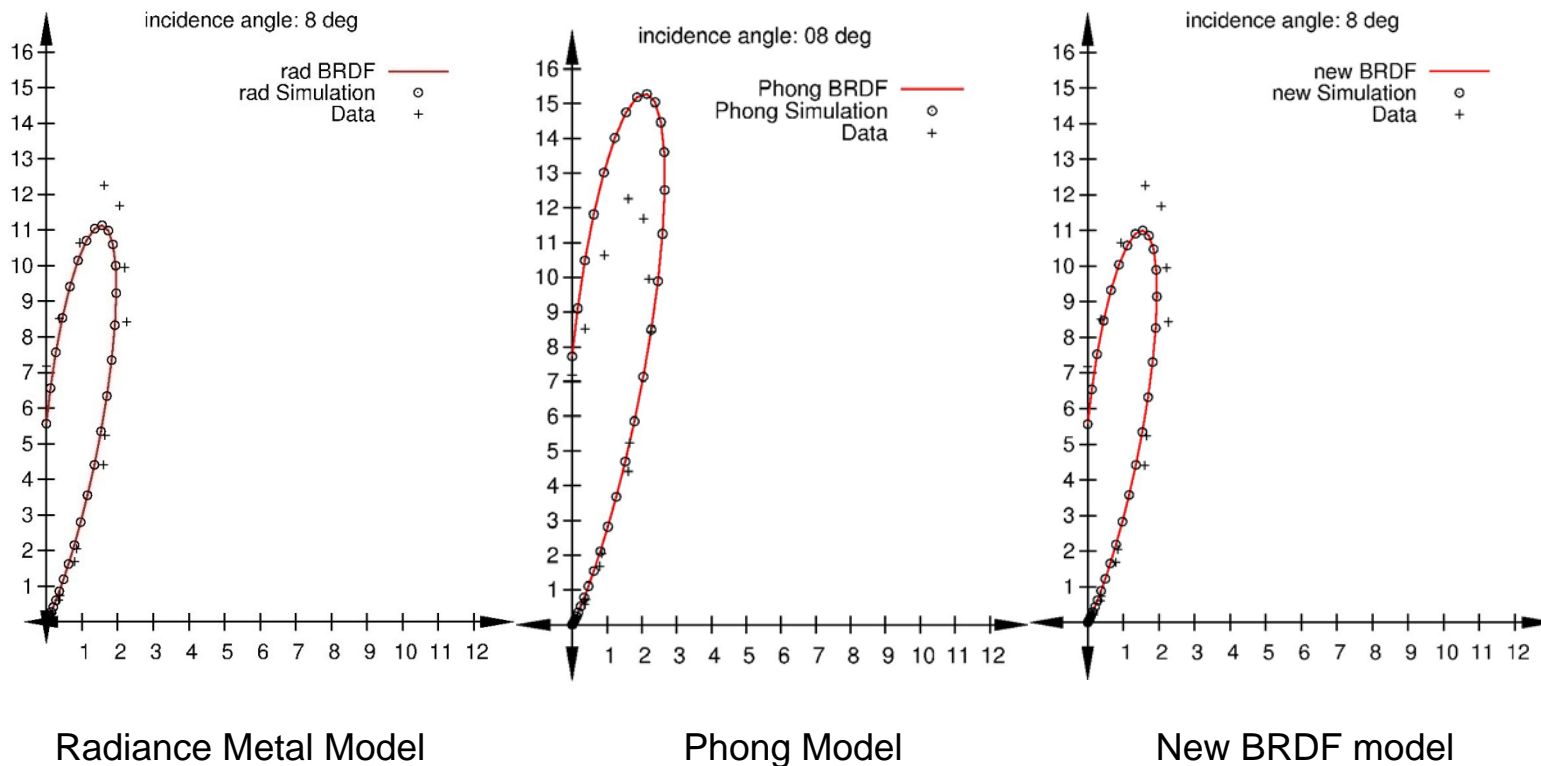
4. Validations of fitting models

Scattering aluminum at all incident angles

Incident angle\BRDF models	Default radiance model	Phong	New
5	699.54	603.91	606.88
8	437.47	408.46	409.27
15	279.43	291.01	272.65
30	116.38	172.13	115.60
45	87.86	252.13	86.066
60	45.57	591.80	44.73
Overall	1666.25	2319.44	1535.196

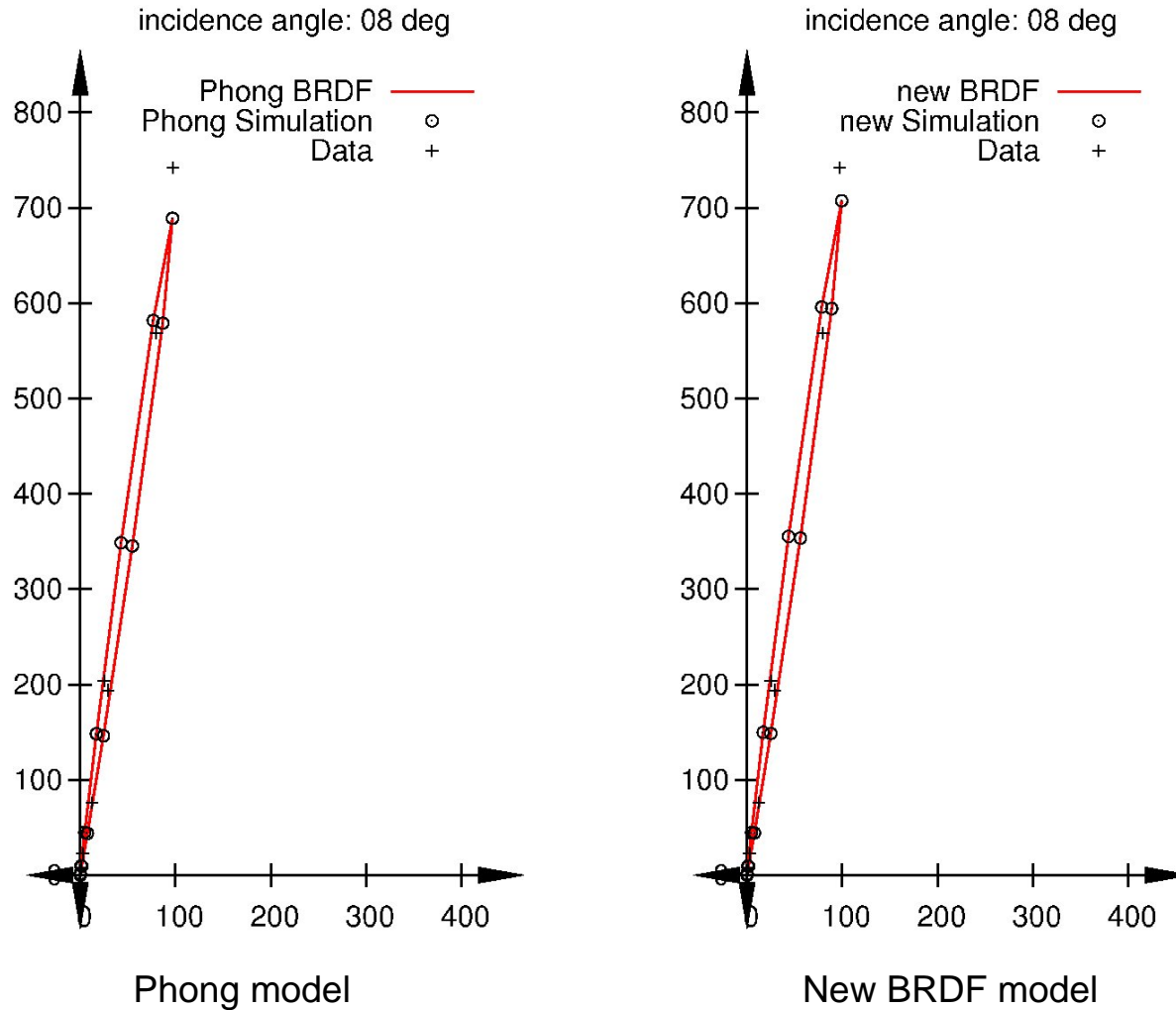
5.1 Radiance Simulation

Scattering aluminum

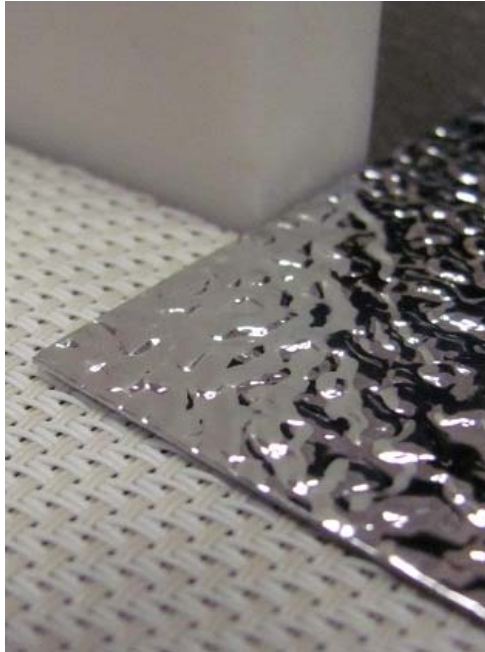


5.2 Radiance Simulation

Clear aluminum

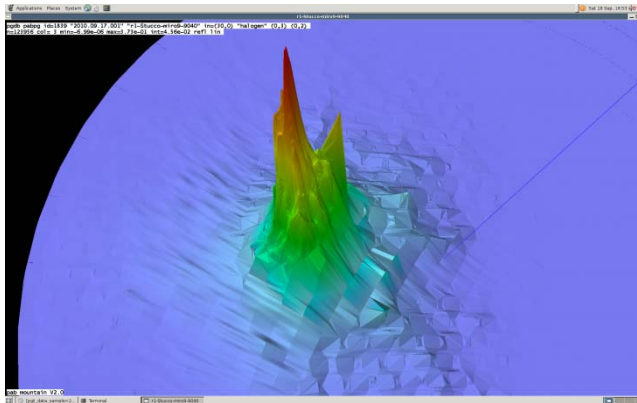


Conclusions



❑ Radiance calculation could be as accurate as the fitted analytical BRDF model

- In order to minimize systematic error, various BRDF models should be tested to find an optimum fit for the measured data



❑ Future works include testing more materials including anisotropic samples and improve resampling method for specula reflection.

Thank you.