

Agenda

Transsolar KlimaEngineering

Who we are?

Integrated design

Approach

Daylighting case-studies

Questions

Transsolar KlimaEngineering

Who We Are?

Offices

Stuttgart



New York







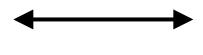
Paris



Who We Are?



















Approach

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Can it work?

Does it work?

Can it work better?

Work = meeting the defined goals

Can it work?

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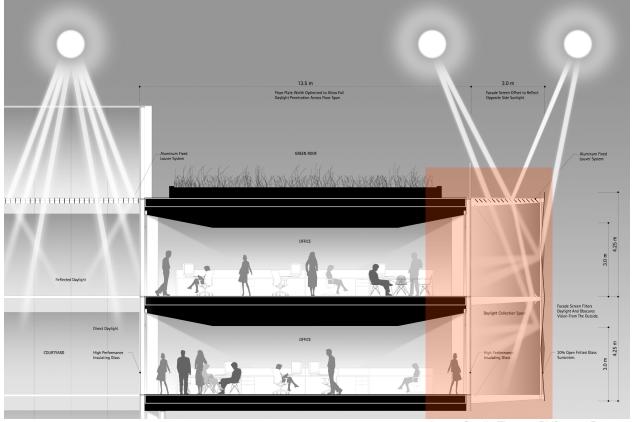
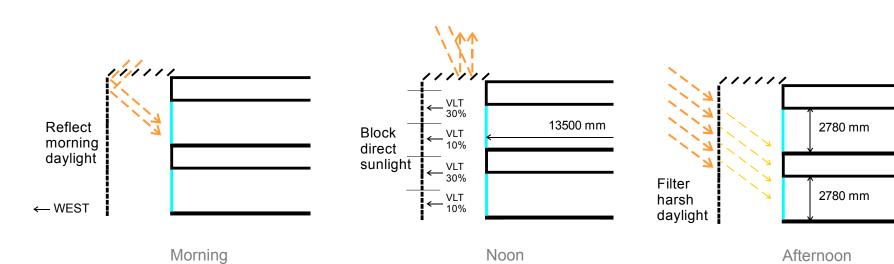


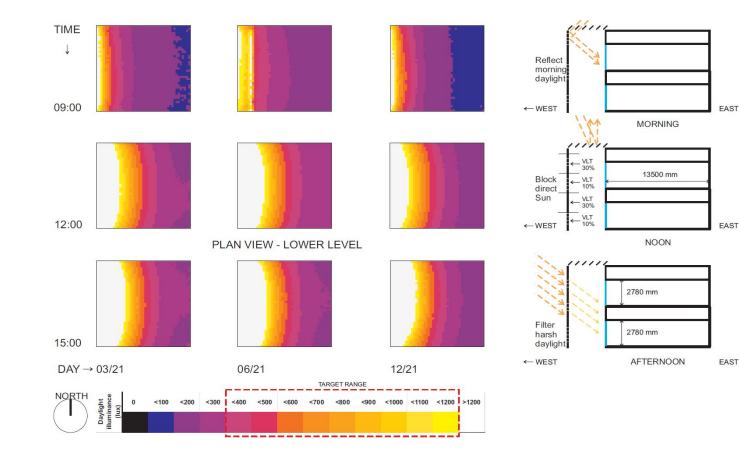
Image Credit: Thomas Phifer and Partners

Can it work?



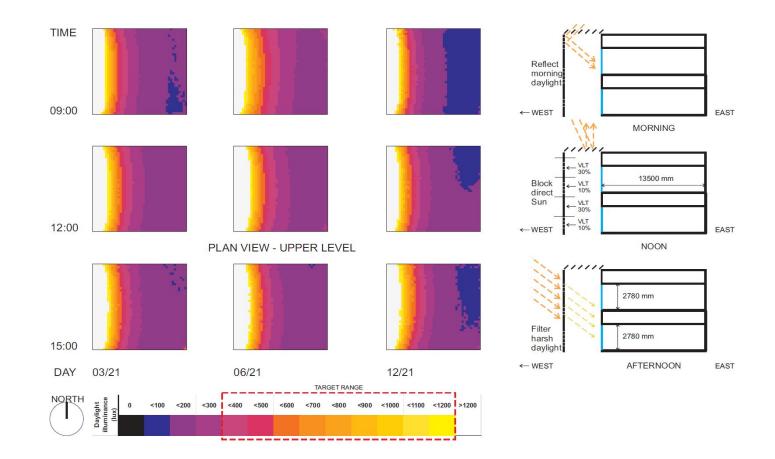
Can it work?





Can it work?





Can it work?

December 21 December 21 December 21 09:00 15:00 12:00 :d/am March 21 09:00 March 21 12:00 March 21 15:00 Luminance ratio >20:1 (>2000c/m²) cd/qm cd/qm :d/am June 21 June 21 June 21 09:00 12:00 15:00 cd/qm Luminance ratio >20:1 (>2000c/m²) 14

Daylighting case-studies Does it work?



Image Credit: Studio Gang Architects 15

Does it work?

DAY 03/21 overhang ~ 45° projection angle overhang ~ 45° projection angle PROJECTION FACTOR shading surface (y) glazing area (x) ection angle DAY $\begin{array}{rrrrr} 1 & : 0.25 & = 14^{\circ} \\ 1 & : 0.50 & = 27^{\circ} \\ 1 & : 0.75 & = 37^{\circ} \\ 1 & : 1 & = 45^{\circ} \\ 1 & : 1.5 & = 56^{\circ} \\ 1 & : 2 & = 63^{\circ} \end{array}$ 06/21 overhang ~ 27° projection angle / fin \sim 27° projection angle ~ 37° projection angle fin VIEW (not to scale) DAY 12/21 SOUTHWEST 2 NORTHWEST 3SOUTHEAST 1 NORTHWEST 4 2 Daily Solar Radiation (kWh/m²) <0.4 <0.8 <1.2 <1.6 <2.4 <2.8 <3.2 <3.6 <4.0 <4.4 <4.8 >4.8 <0.0 <2.0 KEY PLAN NORTH Credit: Studio Gang Architects TARGET RANGE

Daylighting case-studies Does it work?

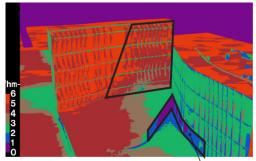
CAUTIO	N: Results f	from this too	ol is highly (depende	ent on a glazin	g SHGC of 0.29		Change only numbers in red and blue font Goal is to have Total Transmission less than Maximum Transmission			on	
Double	Dorm WWI	R: 49%									oj	Projection Factor: (a) the ratio of projected overhang to glazing height OR (b) the ratio of blind depth to blind spacing
	Room	Window	Wind	ow	Current	New	Projection	Transmission from	Net			(b) the ratio of blind depth to blind spacing
Height		Туре	Height	Width	% of window	v % of window	factor		Transmission Factor			overhang
9.8	13.5	proj shd	8.08	3.00	0.38	0	0	100%	0%			depth, d depth, d
		screened	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28830469	0	75%	22%			
		fritted	8.08	0.00	0.00	0.25289885	0	73%	19%	40% frit		
		vision	8.08	5	0.63	0.46417055	0	100%	46%	0% frit		Dilid
		49%	8.08	8.00								Q Window Q E spacing, h
								Total Transmission:	87%			
						м	aximumTrar	smission Allowed:	<mark>86</mark> %			height, h
Single D	orm WWR:	: 34%										
<u> </u>	Room	Window	Wind	low	Current	New	Projection	Transmission from	Net			
Height	Width	Туре	Height	Width	% of window	v % of window	factor	Screen or Frit	Transmission Factor			(a) $PF = d/h$ (b) $PF = d/h$
9.8	9	proj shd	8.08	1.75	0.47	0	0	100%	0%			this example: PF = 0.5 this example: PF = 1
		screened	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58647757	0	75%	44%			this example. FF =1
		fritted	8.08	0.00	0.00	0	0	100%	0%	0% frit		
		vision	8.08	1.95	0.53	0.41352243	0	100%	41%	0% frit		Window Type Names
		34%	8.08	3.70								
								Total Transmission:	85%			4'-10" 3'-0" 1'-6"1'-10
						м	aximumTrar	smission Allowed:	98%			
												"vision"
Lounge	WWR:	90%										
F	Room	Window	Wind	low	Current	New	Projection	Transmission from	Net			5 40% frit
Height	Width	Туре	Height	Width	% of window	v % of window	factor	Screen or Frit	Transmission Factor			
24.3	38.2	proj shd	21.8	0.0	0.00	0.25	0	100%	25%			or less
		screened	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.25	0	50%	13%			
		fritted	21.8	0.0	0.00	0.25	0	47%	12%	80% frit		
		vision	21.8	38.2	1.00	0.25	0	73%	18%	40% frit		9 80% frit or req'itinted"
		90%	21.8	38.2								
								Total Transmission:	68%			"proj shd" / "screened
						M	aximumTrar	smission Allowed:	49%			

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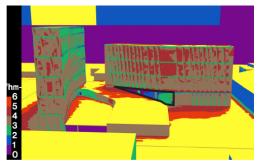
Daylighting case-studies

Does it work?

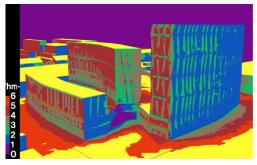
 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.6 2.5 4.9



looking at south facade | March 21 | 0 to 6 kWh/m² 1.0 1.1 1.4 1.9 2.8 5.6 multiplication factor for shading transmission

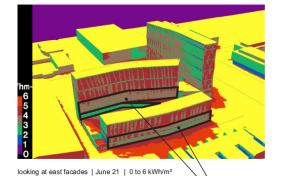




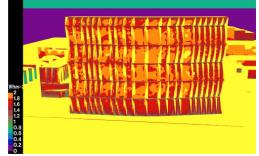


looking at north-east corner facades | June 21 | 0 to 6 kWh/m²

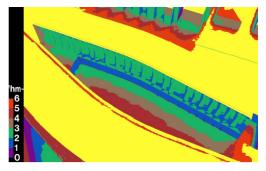
Image: 1.0Image: 1.0<



multiplication factor for shading transmission



looking at north facade | June 21 | 0 to 2 kWh/m² (no shading required on north)

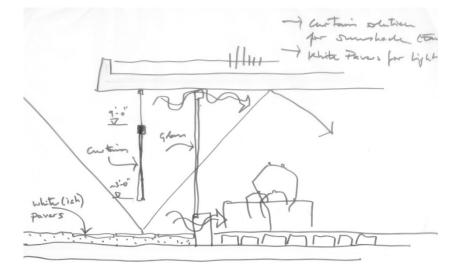


looking at Building D east facade | June 21 | 0 to 6 kWh/m²



____ relaxed shading requirements

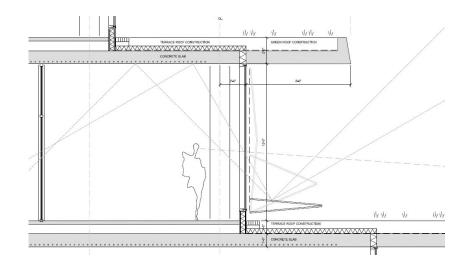
Can it work better?





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Can it work better?

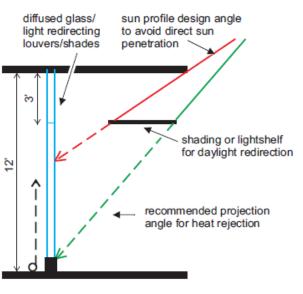




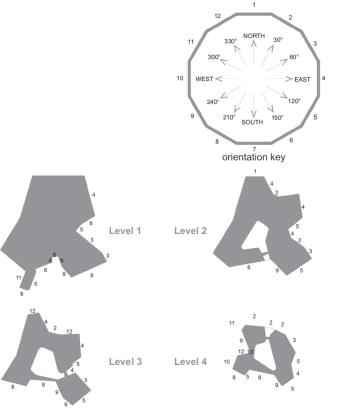
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Daylighting case-studies

Can it work better?

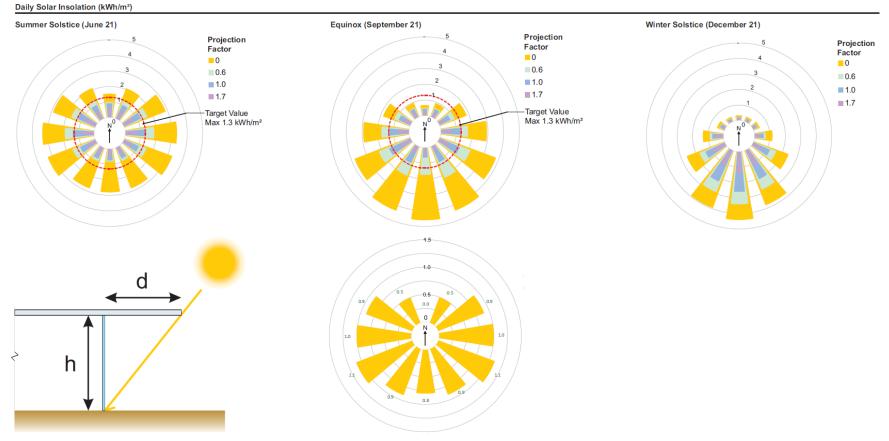


shading concept



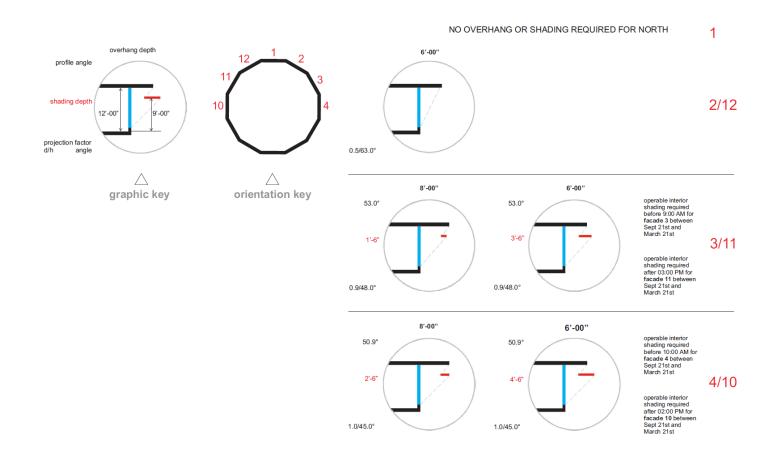
design orientation for each facade

Can it work better?



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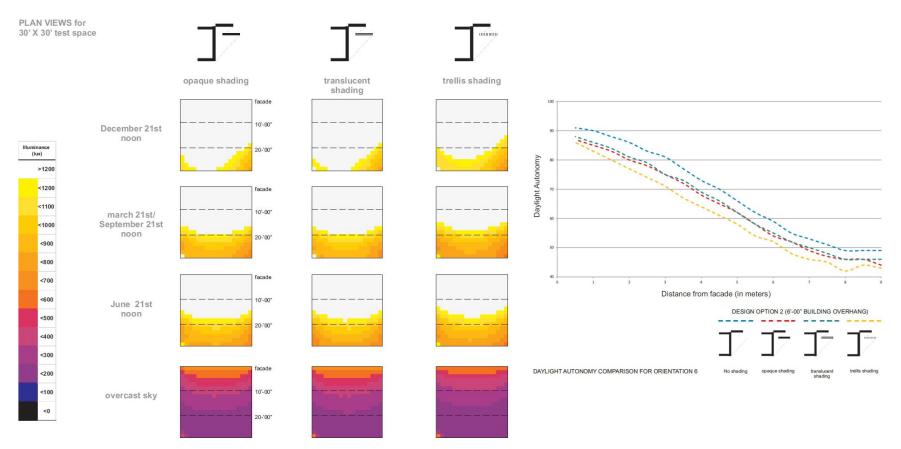
Can it work better?



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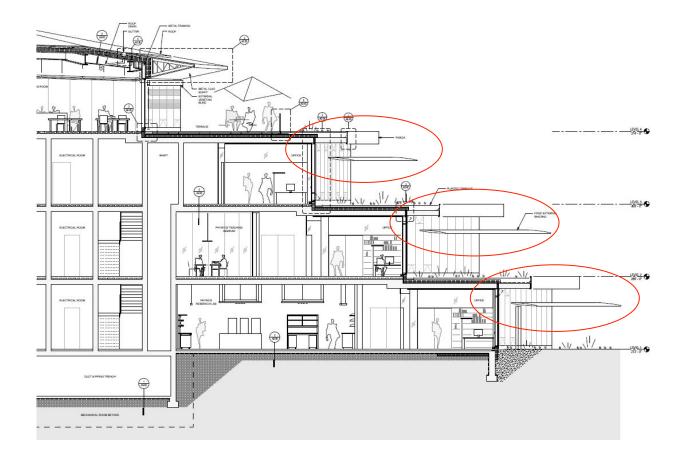
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Can it work better?



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Can it work better?



Daylighting case-studies Can it work better?



Image Credit: Behnisch Architekten

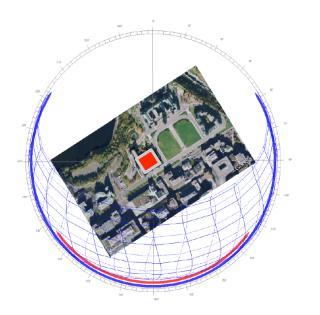
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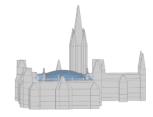




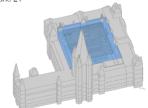
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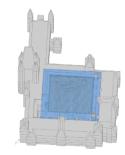
(a) 05:00 June 21



(c) 15:00 June 21



(a) 08:00 December 21

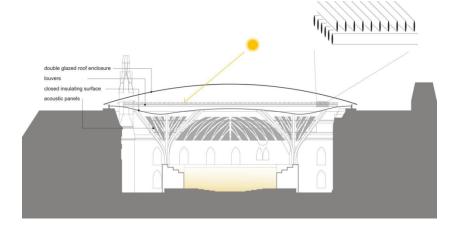


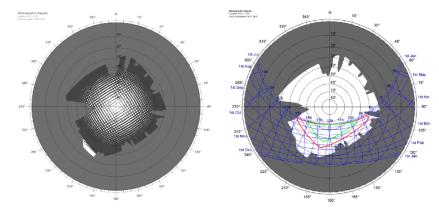




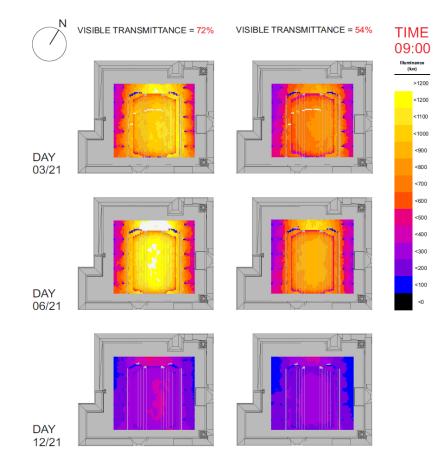
(b) 11:00 December 21

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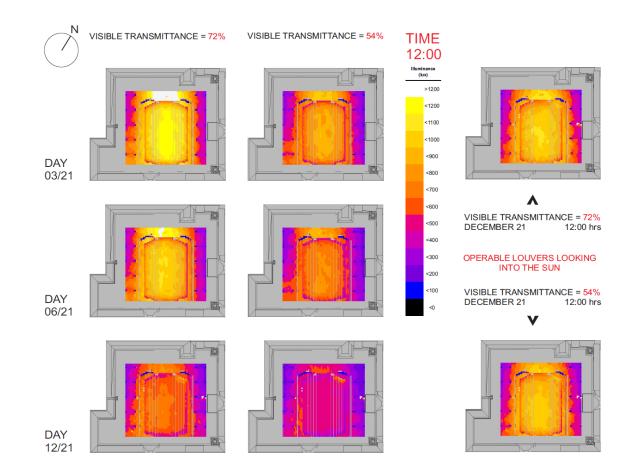


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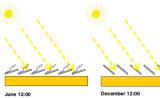
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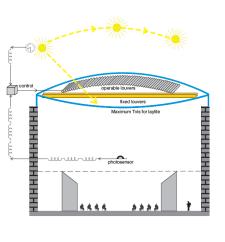
Transsolar KlimaEngineering

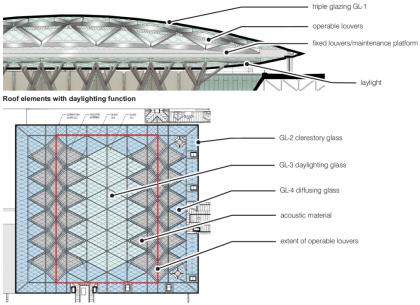






December 12:00 Louvers rotate closed beyond required cut-off angle to reduce daylight to desired level Louvers rotate to face into the sun to increase daylight. Fixed louvers provide cut-off of direct sunlight.





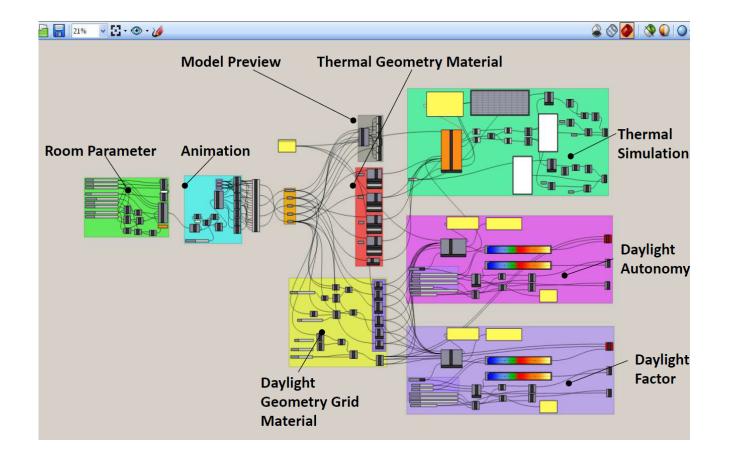
Laylight components

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Rhino + Grasshopper + DIVA + VIPER + TRNSYS

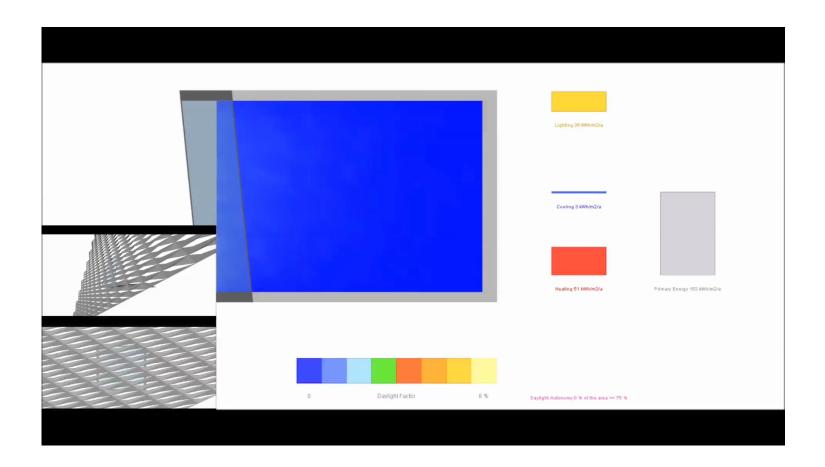
Future Developments

Future Developments



Future Developments

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